

ECONOMY

MEM EDUCATION CENTER

The Economy Vocabulary

- ☐ The economy (n.) Countable
 - The economy is going well.
 - We have **a** booming economy.
- ☐ A booming / strong / robust economy
- ☐ A slow / weak / stagnant economy

■ **Stagnant** (adj.) = stuck or not moving (for an economy)

We often talk about 'stagnant water' when water doesn't move and smells bad.



The Economy Vocabulary

- Economics (n.) = the subject of studying the economy
 My grasp of economics is not very good.
- The black economy = using cash to avoid paying tax.
- To have a grasp of something = to have an understanding (of a subject)
- An economist (person)

- Economical (adj.) = it saves you money
- Economic (adj.) = related to the economy

The economic forecast for 2023 is not good.

With rents so high, it wasn't economical to continue to live in the city.

Economical or Economic? (as an adjective)

This car uses little fuel, it's really

Macroeconomics (or) Microeconomics?

- a. Purchasing a brand of clothes
- b. Inflation

- Macro = Big | Micro = Small
- **Macroeconomics** refers to issues related to a country or between countries
- **Microeconomics** refers to issues related to a person or a company.

The Economy Vocabulary

• Inflation

Inflation is **going through the roof** these days

- To go through the roof (inflation, numbers, rates) = to go extremely high
- Interest rate = How much extra money you pay when you return a loan Banks are going to increase their interest rates.
- Supply and demand

Prices will go up because of the law of supply and demand

• A monopoly = one business that dominates an industry so there are no other competitors

British telecom used to have a monopoly on phone services in the UK

Useful Phrases

The government is **locked in negotiations** (=stuck, cannot move)

- Locked in a negotiation
- Locked in a discussion
- It looks like we are in for a rough ride. (= heading towards difficult times)
- Many government experts are saying prices are out of control.
- Unions countrywide are **calling for strikes** (= ask its members to go on strike)
- *To go on strike* = *to stop working in protest*
- We are in a recession, and the outlook is bleak! (=The future is not good)

More Useful Phrases

- A **boon** = something good / helpful
- A **bane** = something not helpful

a boon and a bane

All the extra work is both a boon and a bane, we make more money, but we have to work harder!

- A **bear** market = a market where shares are falling
- A **bull** market = a market where shares are rising
- While event-driven investing in general tends to thrive during a bull market, distressed investing works best during a bear market.

IDIOMS

- To be broke = to have no money

 I can't lend you any money, I am completely broke.
- To be loaded = to be rich

 The CEO is loaded, she can easily afford to buy a new car.
- To have money to burn = to be rich

 If they have just bought a third house, they clearly have money to burn!
- To weather the storm = to survive a difficult time

 The recession is hitting everyone really hard; I don't how we are all going to weather the storm.
- To be in good shape = to be in a good condition

 Some economists are actually saying the economy is in good shape.



- How much money is enough?
- Why do people care too much about money?
- Is money important to you?
- What do people in your country save money for?
- How can young people learn to manage their financial affairs?
- What do you think will happen to the world economy this year?
- Is economics important to your country?

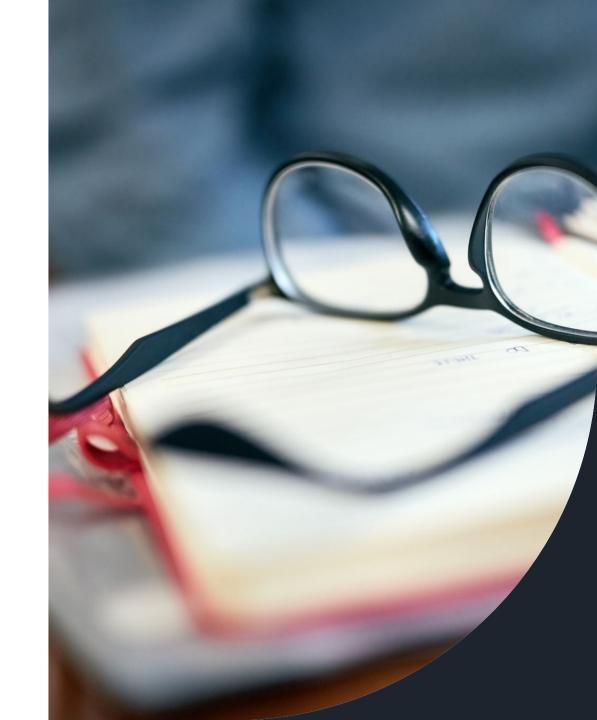
Describe a small business that you would like to open.

- what it is
- why you want to start it
- how you would do this
- and explain why you would choose this kind of business to start.



Describe someone you know who has started a business.

- who this person is
- what work this person does
- why this person decided to start a business
- and explain whether you would like to do the same kind of work as this person.



Describe a method that helps you save money.

- what the method is
- when you started to use it
- how you knew it
- and explain why it is helpful.



Describe something you bought at a shop.

- what it was.
- when and where you bought it
- why you bought it.
- why it is important to you.



Describe a time when you spent a lot of money on something.

- when and where it was
- what it was
- why you decided to spend money on it
- and say if you thought this money was well spent.



- What do you think about money?
- Can human beings live without money?
- In your opinion, why do many people derive pleasure from spending money?
- Who do you think saves more money, men or women?
- Do you think the government should let people know how it spends money?
- Do young people nowadays believe in saving money?
- Which do you think is better for the economy of a country or area, people saving money or people spending money?

- Do you think parents should give pocket money to the kids?
- Do parents in your country think it's important for their children to save money?
- Is money always the most important thing when choosing a job?
- What kinds of jobs do young people not want to do in your country?
- Do you agree that many people nowadays are under pressure to work longer hours and take less holiday?
- What is the impact on society of people having a poor work-life balance?
- Could you recommend some effective strategies for governments and employers to ensure people have a good work-life balance?

